Approximate Time it Takes for Garbage to Decompose in the Environment

Many of the below examples of trash contain plastic components. Once in the water, plastic never fully biodegrades, but breaks down into smaller and smaller pieces, eventually being dubbed a "microplastic" —something that is less than 5mm long and still able to cause problems for marine life.

| Glass Bottle | 1 million years |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Monofilament Fishing Line | 600 years |
| Plastic Beverage Bottles | 450 years |
| Disposable Diapers | 450 years |
| Aluminum Can | 80-200 years |
| Foamed Plastic Buoy | 80 years |
| Foamed Plastic Cups | 50 years |
| Rubber-Boot Sole | 50-80 years |
| Tin Cans | 50 years |
| Leather | 50 years |
| Nylon Fabric | 30-40 years |
| Plastic Bag | 10-20 years |
| Cigarette Butt | 1-5 years |
| Wool Sock | 1-5 years |
| Plywood | 1-3 years |
| Waxed Milk Carton | 3 months |
| Apple Core | 2 months |
| Newspaper | 6 weeks |
| Orange or Banana Peel | 2-5 weeks |
| Paper Towel | 2-4 weeks |

More info about marine debris is available at the <u>NOAA Marine Debris Program</u> and <u>Blue Ocean Society for Marine Conservation</u> websites.

Learn more about plastic in the ocean in <u>"What We Know About: Plastic Marine Debris"</u> Info Sheet and the <u>"Plastics in the Ocean" Infographic</u>, both from the NOAA Marine Debris Program.